#### **Road safety in Europe**





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## **ETSC PIN Programme**

- Compare country performance in road safety
- Include the 27 EU Member States (+ Israel, Norway and Switzerland)
- A PIN Panel: well-placed experts from each of the 30 countries

Jacqueline Lacroix (DE), Klaus Machata (AT), Vidmantas Pumputis (LT), Rune Elvik (NO), Pilar Zori (Spain), Peter Mak (NL), Mr. Michael Rowland (IE), Jesper Sølund (DK), Aldis Lama (LV), Ilona Buttler (PL), Jean Chapelon (FR), Stefan Siegrist (CH)....

A PIN Steering Group



European Transport Safety Council









Statens vegvesen

#### Performance index so far

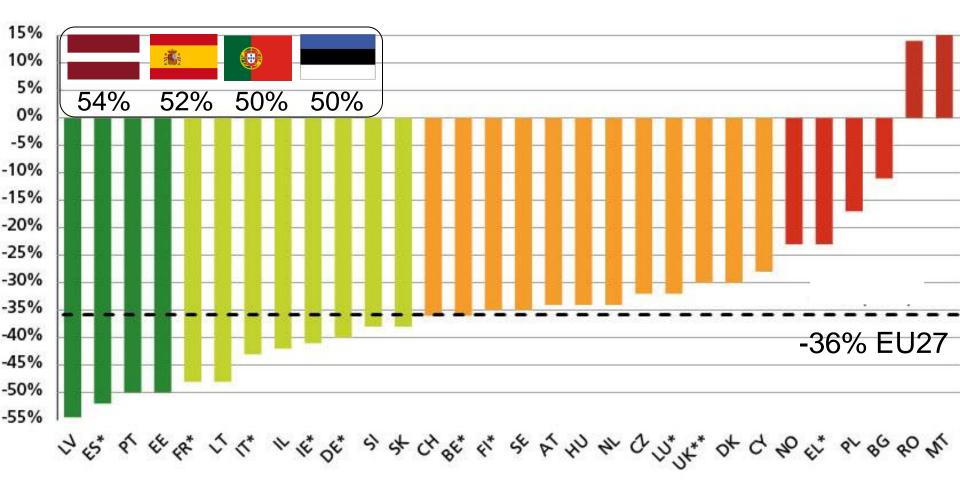
- Annual number of deaths
- Serious injuries
- Seat belt use
- Deaths from drink driving
- Driving speeds
- Motorcycling deaths
- Deaths among older road users
- Deaths on motorways
- Deaths among children
- Deaths in capital cities
- Car safety



(PIN reports) (PIN report 2010) (" " 2010) (" " 2010) (" " 2010) (PIN report 2008) (" " 2008) (" " 2008) (PIN report 2009) (" " 2009) (" " 2009)

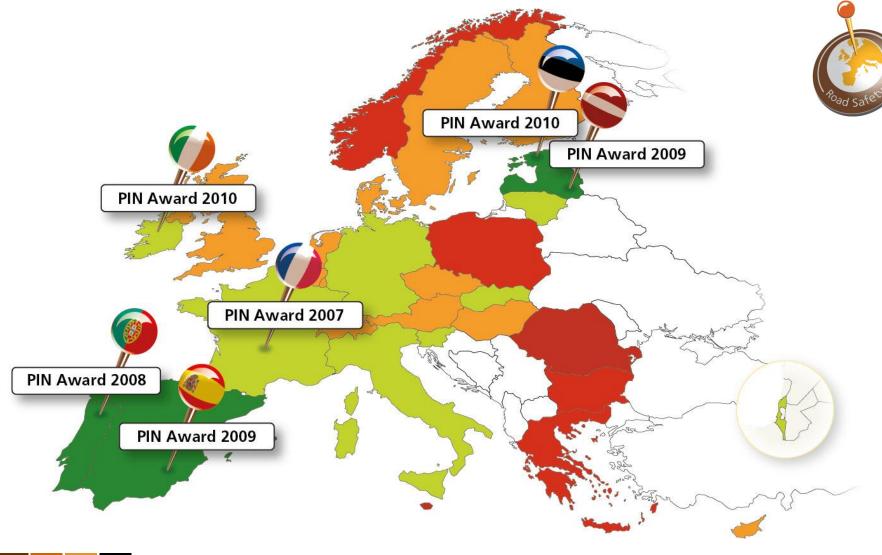
#### Best progress 2001-2009

#### Percentage change in road deaths between 2001 and 2009





#### **Road Safety PIN Awards**





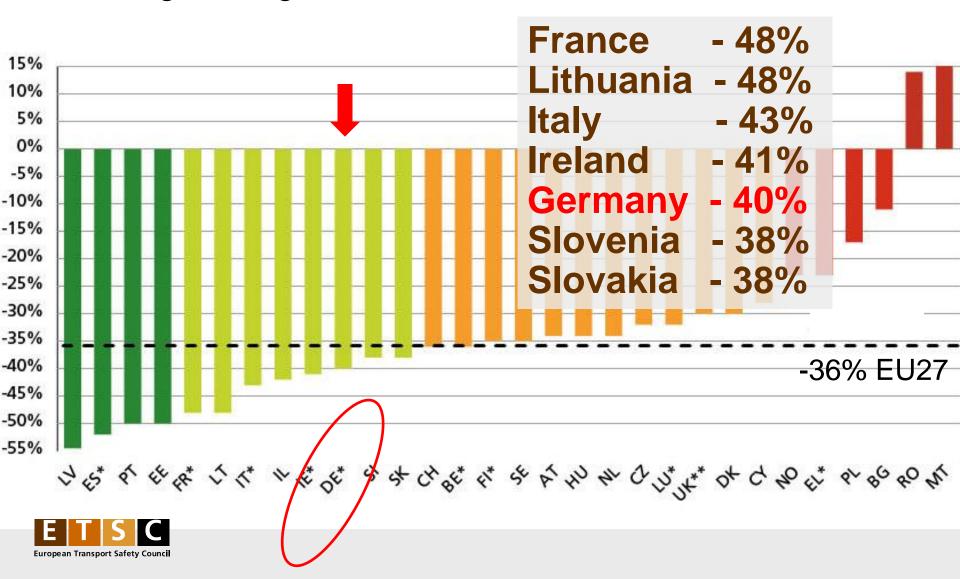
#### Awards 2010: Estonia and Ireland





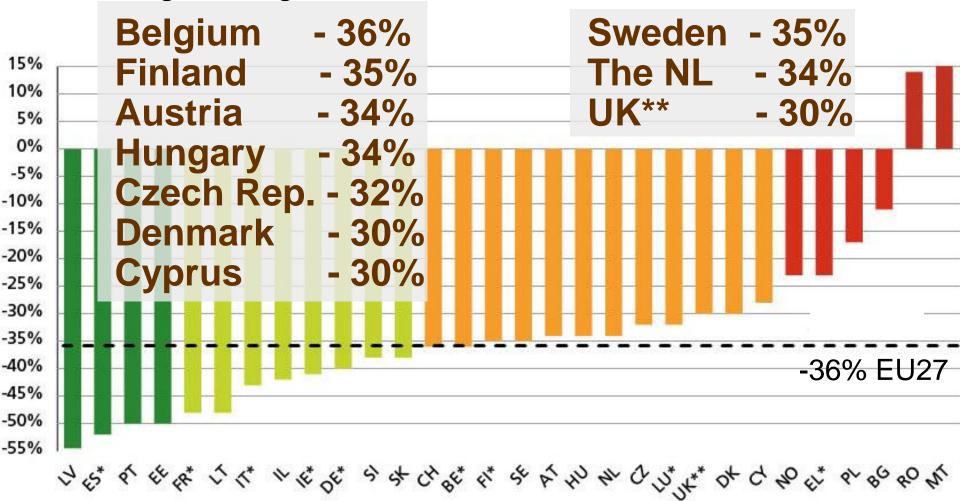
## Countries that are progressing

Percentage change in road deaths between 2001 and 2009



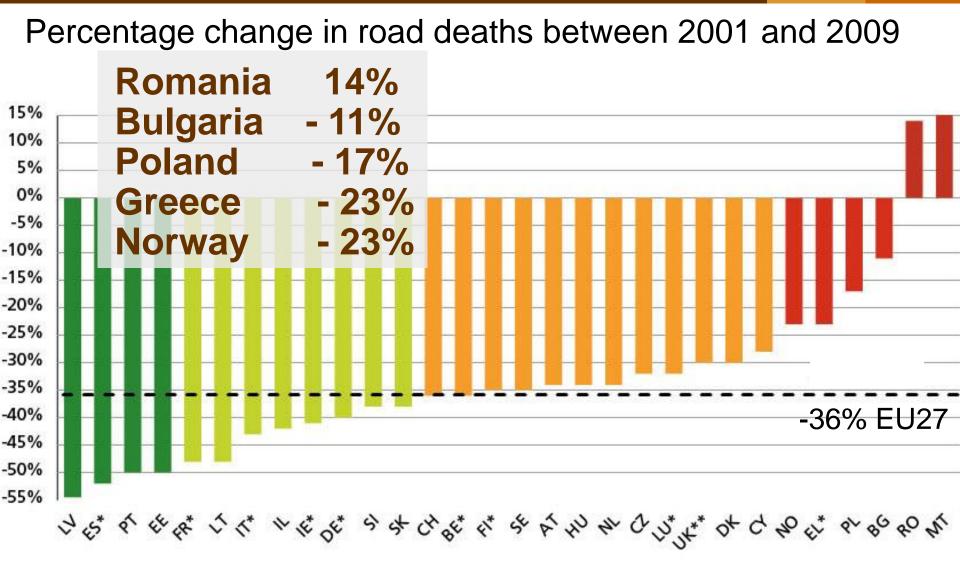
## **Countries progressing less**

Percentage change in road deaths between 2001 and 2009





# **Countries lagging behind**

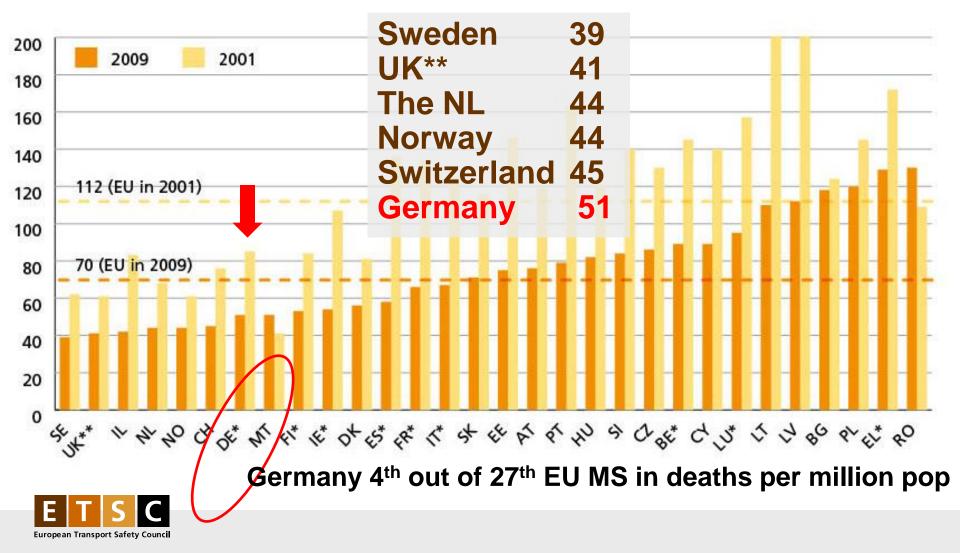




#### **Deaths per population in 2009**

Good progress since 2001

No more country with more than 130 road deaths per million population



## The impact of the EU Target

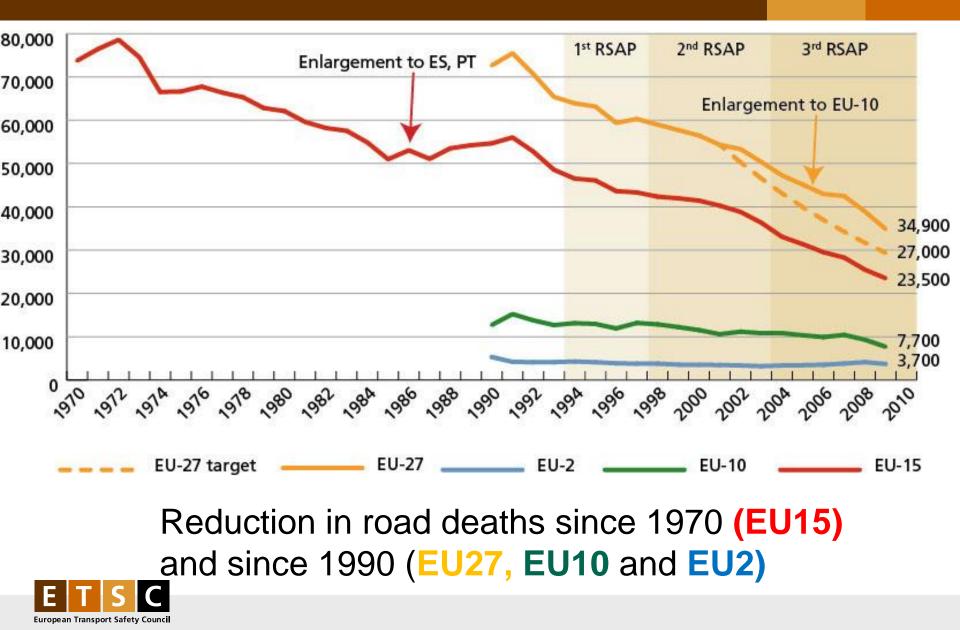
Reductions in the number of deaths have been much higher in 2001-2009 than in three preceding decades

Period	EU-15 c	ountries	EU-10 countries		
	Reduction	Annual average reduction	Reduction	Annual average reduction	
1971-1980	19%	2.4%	n/a	n/a	
1981-1990	8%	1.7%	n/a	n/a	
1991-2000	22%	4.0%	18%	1.5%	
2001-2009	42%	6.3%	27%	2.0%	

In the **EU15**, road deaths have been cut by **42%**. In the **EU10**, reductions have been slower but gained pace in the last two years to reach **27% in 2009**.



# The impact of the EU Target (cont'd)



#### ETSC 4<sup>th</sup> PIN Report 2010, Chapter 3

# Inappropriate or excessive speed

More than **2,200** road deaths could be prevented each year if average speeds dropped by 'only' **1km/h** on all roads across the EU.



#### Driving under the influence of alcohol

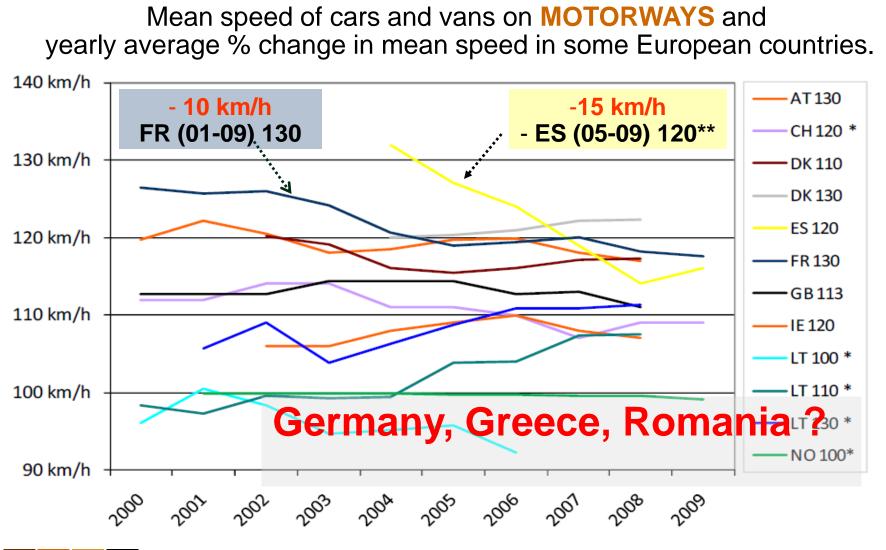
At least **7,500** deaths could have been prevented if accident-involved drivers reported to be driving over the limit had been sober.

#### Failure to wear seat belts

Around **12,400** car occupants survived serious crashes in 2009 because they wore a seat belt. Another **2,500** deaths could have been prevented if **99%** of occupant had been wearing a seat belt.



#### Progress in reducing speed (I)

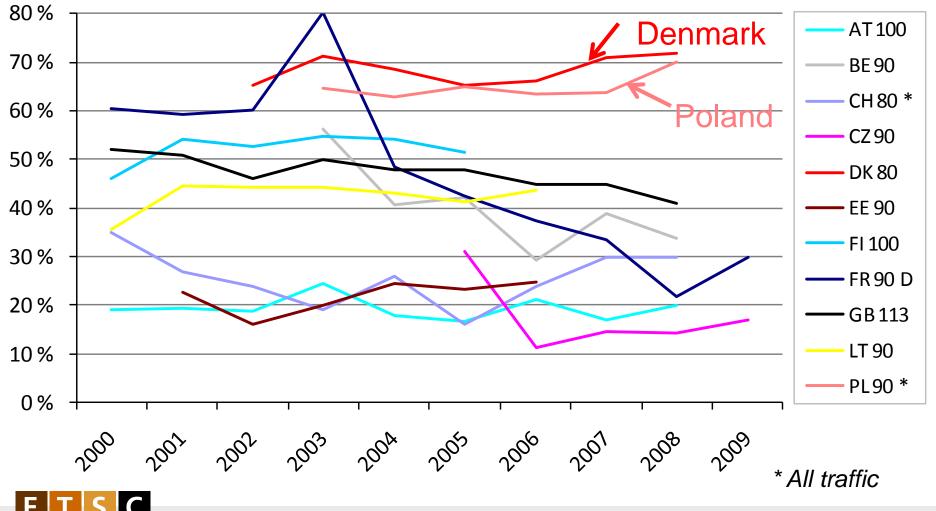




\*All traffic; \*\* ES: measurements made on 20% of the toll motorways length only

## Speed on rural roads (II)

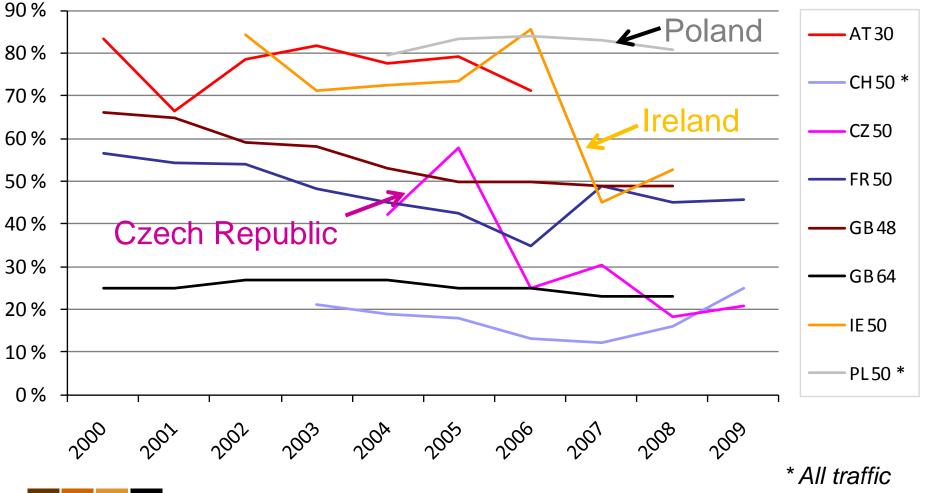
% of cars and vans exceeding speed limits on rural roads





## Speed on urban roads (II)

% of cars and vans exceeding speed limits on urban roads





## ETSC Speed 'message'

- Key factors in achieving progress: automated speed enforcement (France, Spain,... stricter sanctions, penalty points (France, Spain, Czech Rep., ...)
- More than 2,200 road deaths could be prevented each year if average speeds dropped by only 1 km/h on all roads across the EU.
- The EU should adopt the Cross Border Enforcement
   Directive to address speeding in the EU without delay
- Germany, Greece, Romania, ... do not monitor speeds which deprives them of important feedback on the effectiveness of their actions.



#### **Actual level of Enforcement**

		Yearly speed tickets per thousand population			
Country	Code	2006	2007	2008	
The Netherlands	NL	543	595	558	
Austria	AT	327	458	456	
Switzerland	CH	350	335	n/a	
France	FR	114	127	138	
Cyprus	CY	87	165	137	
Slovenia	SI	n/a	n/a	72	
Norway	NO	52	52	51	
Romania	RO	n/a	n/a		
Finland	FI	38	42		
Latvia	LV	41	45		
Denmark	DK	47	48	Country	Code
Spain	ES	17	27		
Luxembourg	LU	48	49	Taland	
Ireland	IE	Corr	<b>n 34n L</b>	Finland	FI
Poland	PL	Gerr		· · · ·	NO
Greece	EL	34	32	Sweden	SE
Israel	IL	22	22	Slovenia	SI
Hungary	HU	17	16	France	FR
Sweden	SE	21	24	Cyprus	CY
Slovakia	SK	25	21	Greece	EL
Italy	IT	23	25	Hungary	HU
Bulgaria	BG	13	18	Ireland	IE
Czech Republic	CZ	30	21	Spain	ES
Lithuania	LT	18	20	Estonia	EE
Portugal	PT	9	n/a	Austria	AT
				Israel	IL

**Speed** – Yearly speed tickets per 1,000 pop.

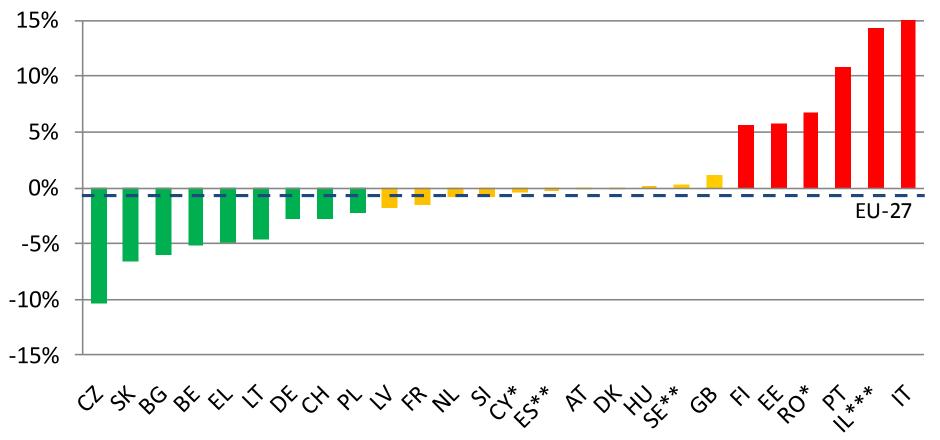
#### Alcohol – Roadside police tests per 1,000 pop.

		2006		2007		2008	
Country	Code	Roadside police tests per 1000 population	Percentage above legal limit	Roadside police tests per 1000 population	Percentage above legal limit	Roadside police tests per 1000 population	Percentage above legal limit
inland	FI	n/a	n/a	318	1.6%	385	1.3%
Norway	NO	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	338	n/a
Sweden	SE	264	0.9%	292	0.8%	287	0.8%
Slovenia	SI	162	8.0%	191	7.3%	200	5.8%
France	FR	186	3.2%	182	3.3%	190	3.3%
Cyprus	CY	90	6.2%	149	6.8%	182	5.9%
Greece	EL	118	3.4%	143	2.9%	135	3.1%
Hungary	HU	144	2.9%	143	3.2%	130	3.1%
Ireland	IE	n/a	n/a	113	4.1%	128	3.2%
Spain	ES	88	2.5%	96	2.2%	112	1.8%
Estonia	EE	76	0.9%	68	1.0%	95	1.1%
Austria	AT	56	9.4%	77	7.0%	87	5.8%
Israel	IL	4	16.5%	24	5.1%	69	2.2%
Portugal	PT	48	7.3%	56	5.6%	63	5.9%
Poland	PL	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	47	9.5%
Lithuania	LT	31	1.4%	34	1.6%	40	1.7%
Denmark	DK	n/a	n/a	n/a	n/a	36	n/a
Italy	IT	4	n/a	12	n/a	23	n/a
Great Britain	GB	10	17.4%	10	16.3%	NA	n/a



## **Progress in reducing Drink driving**

Difference between the average annual % reduction in deaths attributed to alcohol and the corresponding reduction for other deaths (over 2001-2008)





## ETSC Drink driving 'message'

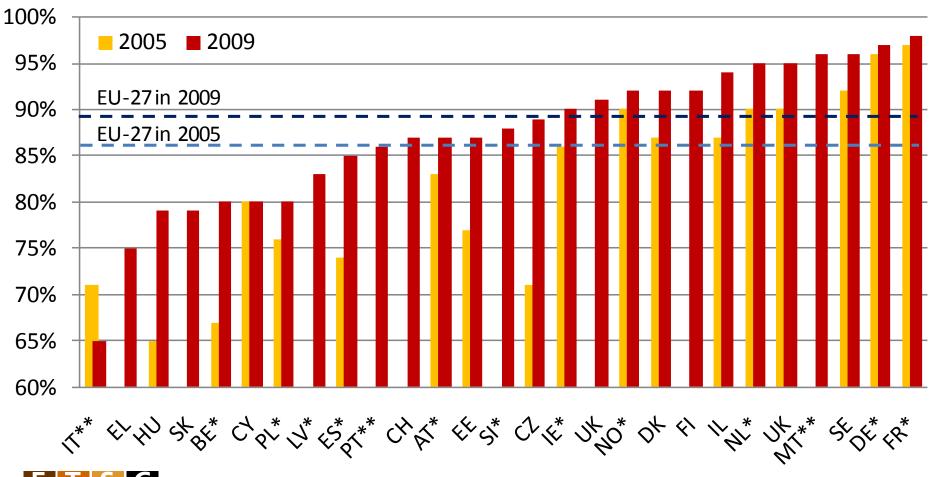
- High underreporting of drink driving deaths
- The European Commission estimates that across the EU at least 25% of all road deaths are alcohol related, against 11.5% according to official statistics.
- At least 7 500 deaths could have been prevented (if 25% of all deaths occur in collisions with a driver over the alcohol limit)
- The EU should promote consistent and visible enforcement as powerful deterrent to drink driving
- The EU should adopt a 0.2 g/l BAC limit for commercial and novice drivers.
- The EU should support the introduction of alcolocks.



#### Seat belt use front seat

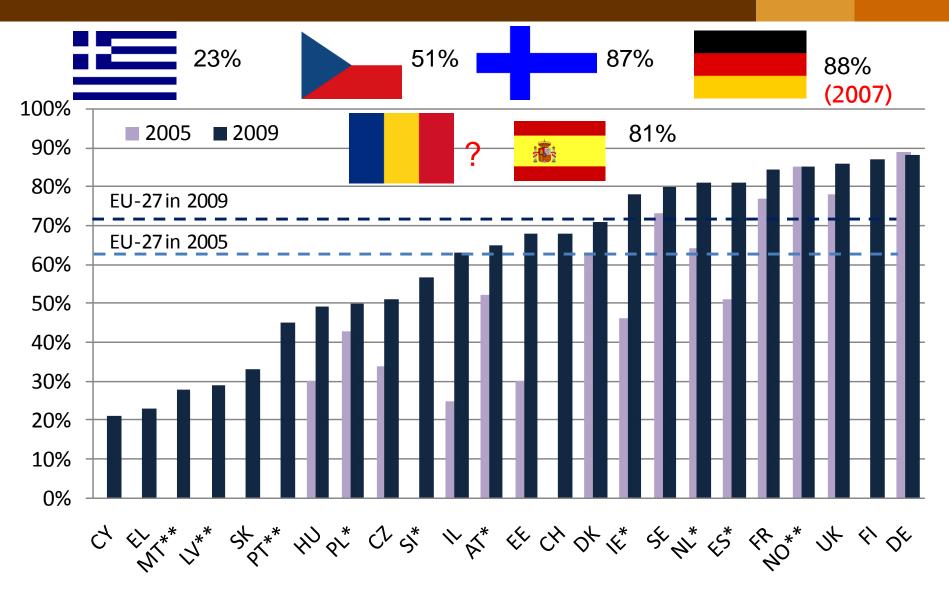
97% <mark>(2008)</mark>

98% <mark>(2009)</mark>





#### Seat belt use rear seats





## ETSC Seat belt 'message'

- Although obligatory in all Member States, seat belt use is still only 88% for front seats and as low as 72% for rear seats
- Despite some progress, rates are still disturbingly low in many Eastern and Southern European countries
- Around **12 400** car occupants survived serious crashes in 2009 because they wore a seat belt.
- Another 2 500 deaths could have been prevented if 99% of occupant had been wearing a seat belt, a rate that could be reached with seat belt reminders.
- The EU should support the extension of seat belt reminders to all seats without delay.

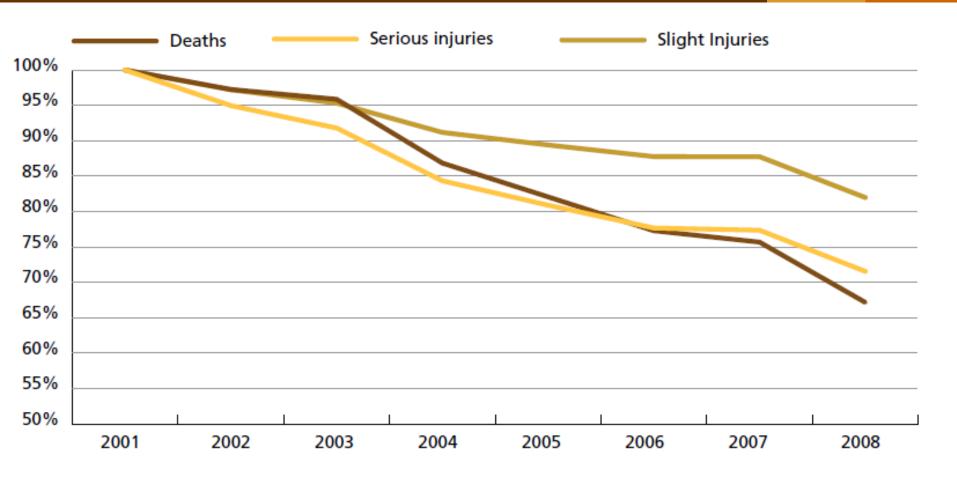


## The scope of the problem

- In addition to the 35,000 people killed in road collisions, 1,700,000 people are recorded as injured in police reports each year in the EU, among them 300,000 seriously.
- For every road death in the EU, at least **44** injuries are recorded, of which **8** are serious.
- But, not all serious injuries are recorded by the police.
   Example: in Sweden, for every road death, there are 23 survivors of road collisions treated in hospital, against just 8 seriously injured people recorded by the police.



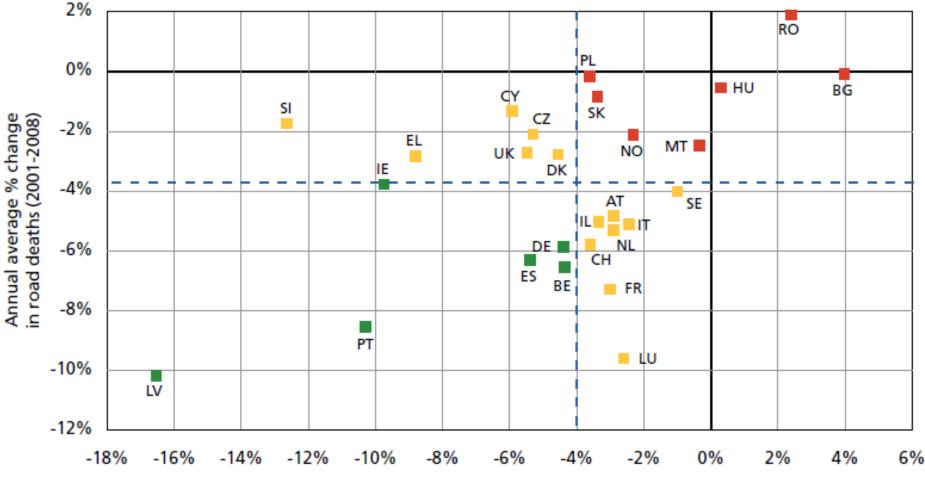
#### Reduction in deaths and injuries



Relative reductions in deaths, serious and slight injuries in the 14 EU countries using a similar definition of SI over 2001 to 2008. (2001 = 100%)



## **Reductions in deaths and SI**



Annual average % change in serious injuries (2001-2008)

Good correlation between reduction in deaths and reduction in SI

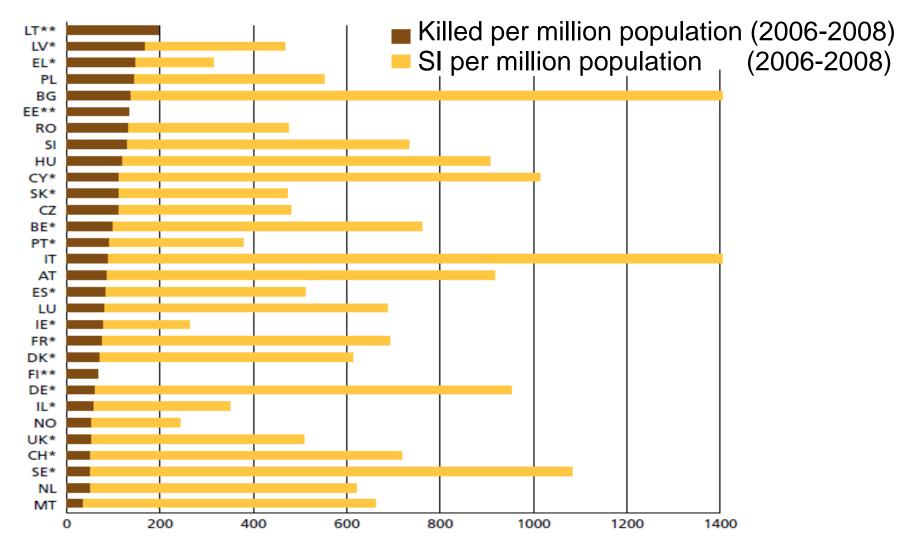


#### Serious injuries per road deaths





## **KSI** per million population





...Another indicator in the future?

### What can a country do?

- Adopt national reduction targets for deaths and seriously injured (using your current definition of what is a serious injury).
- Adopt targets for reducing speed to reduce injury severity.
- Improve the recording of serious injuries by making use of both police and hospital records.
- Provide training to Police and emergency services on how to record a serious injury. This would make injury data more comparable between countries.

