Road Safety Management

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6th PIN Report – Chapter 2

- a snapshot of the Road Safety Management frameworks in the PIN countries as seen by PIN Panellists in early 2012
- Panellists were asked questions based on ETSC's 2006 Review: A Methodological Approach to National Road Safety Policies
- and several questions the DaCoTA team asked of government representatives



Road safety policy

- Three phases of formulation and implementation of road safety policy:
- 1. Basics of road safety management
- 2. From strategy to action
- 3. Implementation and updating
- Questions to Panellists covered each phase in turn and answers were scored to derive a ranking for performance in each phase



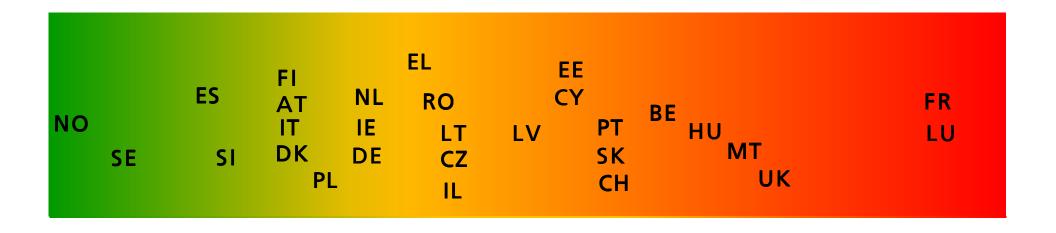
1 Basics of road safety management

Questions were asked about the country's

- vision for road safety
- targets for
 - reduction in deaths
 - reduction in serious injuries
 - other quantitative indicators
- national road safety programme or plan
- government leadership by example



Ranking on the basics





2 From strategy to action

Questions were asked about the country's

- lead agency and its coordinating role
- budget for road safety
- accident and casualty data accessibility
- research capability and influence on policy
- measurement of
 - road user behaviour
 - attitudes to road safety measures
 - attitudes to behaviour of other road users
- training initial and in-service
- exchange and sharing of best practice



Ranking on strategy into action

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UK

FI LV AT

NO SI CY IE

SE CH MT SK RO PT

LT NL

DE EE FR HU CZ

DK IL IT
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3 Implementation and updating

Questions were asked about the country's

- enforcement of road safety laws
- infrastructure safety adoption of Directive and assessment of main roads
- quantitative monitoring of performance
- publication of results of monitoring
- reporting on measures implemented
- evaluation of effectiveness of measures

(A question about emergency response was asked but turned out to be ineffective)



Ranking on implementation and updating



Overview

	Phase 1	Phase 2	Phase 3	LV		
AT				LT		
BE				LU		
CY				MT		
CZ				NL		
DK				NO		
EE				PL		
FI				PT		
FR				RO		
DE				SK		
EL				SI		
HU				ES		
IE				SE		
IL				СН		
IT				UK		



Commentary

- The Overview chart suggests that
- the PIN questions and marking were quite tough
- even so there is scope for greatly improved procedures in many countries
- But in every country many elements of good road safety policy are in place
- and many countries are working on further steps to make roads safer for all



Some pointers to further progress

- The EU target to halve road deaths by 2020 compared with 2010 still stands
- The EC Policy Orientations, though falling short of an action programme, do point strongly in the right direction
- The European Parliament has called for these to be backed up by action
- The EC has gone beyond them by adopting a vision to move close to zero road deaths in the EU by 2050



Some pointers to further progress

- DaCoTA is investigating a more rigorous assessment framework for road safety policymaking in EU countries (ETSC looks forward to hearing how our Panellists' views compare with the official ones on the ten common questions)
- The UN Decade of Action for Road Safety and the World Bank are encouraging progress globally – and that includes progress in Europe
- The ISO international standard 39001 for road safety management is being finalised



A challenge to the PIN countries

But the fact remains that (alongside the role of the EU itself which is envisaged as a growing one) much of the action lies with individual countries nationally and more locally

So ETSC offers the PIN programme's tough assessment of current road safety management as

a challenge to every single country to do still better!



Thank you for your attention

